THE
SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

Monday, *Auguſt* 15th, 1743 [*Numb.* 490]

On CONVERSATION.

NExt to the Pleaſure ariſing from a good Conſcience, and the ſtanding in Favour with God and Man, are thoſe of Converſation; becauſe the ſeveral Kinds of Pleaſure, rational, moral and ſenſitive, are there agreeably blended. The Deſign of Converſation is to give and receive Pleaſure; to promote good Humour and good Manners; to increaſe in Knowledge and Virtue; and to tie the Knot of Friendſhip cloſer and ſtronger.

To make a perfectly good Companion, a Man ſhould have ſo much Learning as to enable him to taſte the *Greek* and *Latin* Authors; an extenſive and general Knowledge of Men and Things; Judgment, Wit, Vivacity, Humour, good Nature, or a ſtrong Deſire to pleaſe. But as all theſe are not to be expected in one Man, 'tis however neceſſary he ſhould have two of them, *viz.* Knowledge and good Nature. The more general our Knowledge is, the better. For he who is Maſter of but one or two Things is uſually a Pedant; wiſe in one Thing, and a Blockhead in every Thing elſe. Our Knowledge ſhould be in the firſt Place that which is moſt uſeful, then that which is moſt faſhionable and becoming a Gentleman. Moral Knowledge, or the Science of Life, is abſolutely neceſſary for our own happy Conduct. Natural Philoſophy entertains and fills the Mind with great and ſublime Ideas of the *firſt Cauſe*. The Hiſtory of Men in all Ages and Countries, their Manners, Cuſtoms and Laws; which to read with Advantage, 'tis neceſſary to underſtand Geography and Chronology. To ſtudy the Hiſtory of our Country, and read Poetry to improve our Imagination and Language.

But as 'tis impoſſible to prevent Diſputes in Company, it is highly neceſſary to know how to differ with good Manners.

As Corſica, *ſince the Return of Baron* Neuhoff, *now ſtiled King* Theodore, *is like to become, once more, a Scene of conſiderable Action, we think a particular Deſcription of that Iſland will be very ſeaſonable, and, we preſume, no diſagreeable Entertainment to our Readers.*

CORSICA is ſeated in the *Mediterranean*, between 41 Deg 10 M. and 42 Deg. 40 M. Lat, and between 8 Deg. 50 Min. and 10 D Long. reckoning from the Meridian of *London*, and is about 104 *Engliſh* Miles in Length from North to South, and 60 in Breadth from Weſt to Eaſt. It lies over againſt the Gulph of *Genoa*, and Northwardmoſt Point is about 40 Leagues diſtant from that City.

It was poſſeſſed anciently by the *Greeks*, *Carthaginians* and *Romans*, and, upon the Decay of the Empire, by the *Saracens*, *Piſans*, and at laſt by the *Genoeſe*, under whoſe Subjection it has been for almoſt 600 Years; the *Doge*, at his Inauguration, having a Royal Crown of Gold put upon his Head and a Scepter in his Hand, becauſe of this antient Kingdom.

It is every where of difficult Acceſs, being encompaſſed with ſteep Rocks and Mountains, except on the Side towards *Tuſcany*, where it is more plain and produces good Fruit and Corn. They have excellent Wines, always much eſteemed by the *Romans*; Abundance of Honey, Oil and Figs; Mines of Allum, Iron and Salt; Plenty of Sheep and black Cattle, and Fiſh in abundance. The Hunting Dogs, which are of a large Size, and an Animal called *Muffles*, peculiar to this Iſland and *Sardinia*, are very remarkable, eſpecially the latter, which reſembles a Hart in Colour, Swiftneſs and Size, and a Ram in its Horns, upon which it will throw itſelf down from the Rocks without receiving any Damage. They have alſo a precious Stone peculiar to them, called *Catochites*, which is clammy like Gum; and Abundance of Cryſtal growing in the deep Vallies, under the Snow which covers them for the greateſt Part of the Year.

The Inhabitants are ſaid to be ignorant, clowiſh, idle, fierce and vindictive, but good Soldiers; but ſo much addicted to Robbery, that the *Sea Pyrates* and *Rovers* had the Name of *Corſairs* from them.

The Air of the Country is not very healthy, and much of their Ground Sandy and Rocky. They have large Foreſts and Woods, with great Plenty of Game; and are not unprovided with Veniſon and wild Fowl. It is divided into two Parts called *Di quo di Monti*, or, on this Side the Mountains, and *Di la di Monti*, on the other Side the Mountains. The firſt is the

the North Side oppoſite to *Genoa*, and the latter the South Side over againſt *Sardinia*, from which Iſland it is divided by a *Streight* of the Sea, about 5 Leagues over, call'd the *Streights* of *Bonifacio*.

It has ſix good Harbours, three on this ſide, and three on the other ſide, the Mountains, viz. *Baſtia*, *St. Fiorenzo*, and *Calvi*. *Ajazzo*, *Bonifacio*, and *Porto-Vecchio*. *Baſtia* is the Capital. It lies on the Eaſt ſide of the North End of the Iſland; is the See of a Biſhop, Suffragan of *Genoa*, and Seat of the Viceroy of the Republick. But *Bonifacio*, on the South Point, is their beſt Town, having a tolerable Trade, and a very ſafe Harbour.

An Extract of a Letter from a Foreign Miniſter at Paris, to his Friend in London.

The Affair is determined at Verſailles, the King has actually began to govern the Kingdom himſelf at the age of 32 Years. Lewis the XIV. rather choſe to be King than Father to his Subjects, ſeeing he took the Reigns of the Government in his own Hands at the Age of 22, immediately after the Death of Cardinal Mazarin. His Majeſty ſeems to chuſe to do every thing, in a latter Part of his Life than his Great Grandfather. It is but a ſhort time ſince the preſent King entered at all into any ſort of Galantries, and has but juſt made his Miſtreſs a Dutcheſs; whereas Lewis XIV. had two Miſtreſſes, before he arrived at the Age of 20: Be that however as it will, his Majeſty has declared the Days and the Hours that he will do Buſineſs with his Miniſters, who are even to go to him to Choiſy whenever his Majeſty ſhould be there with the Dutcheſs of Chatteau-Roux. The Jeſuits are exceſſively mortified that Cardinal Tencin has failed of being Prime Miniſter. There is now great Likelihood that he will go and plant Cabbages with his Female Favourite in his Archbiſhoprick of Lyons. His Majeſty has given the beſt of the Eccleſiaſtical Preterments enjoyed by the late Cardinal to Mr. Boyer, heretofore Father of the Oratory, who is now Governor of the Dauphin, and who, as Cardinal de Fleury was the antient Biſhop of Frejus, is antient Biſhop of Mirepoix—He certainly is a very worthy Prelate, whoſe Integrity the Air of the Court has not yet been able to corrupt, and whoſe virtuous Sentiments, which have been imbibed, or at leaſt improved in the School of the Oratory, ſtill remain untainted. This Biſhop will in a Day or two take his Turn to do Buſineſs with his Majeſty in Reſpect to Eccleſiaſtical Affairs. By this Way which his Majeſty has taken of proceeding, all Cabals ſubſide. M. Chavelin ſtill continues in Exile, the Duke de Noallies and Richelieu are out of the Management of publick Affairs, and according to all Probability, the Perſon who will have the greateſt Influence will be M. de Maurepas, a very able and an upright Miniſter, for whom his Majeſty has always had a ſtrong Inclination, and for whom he has ever diſcover'd an high Eſteem, even in the Life time of Cardinal de Fleury. It is not yet determined who ſhall ſucceed M d'Argenſon as Secretary at War, who a few Days ago reſign'd that Employment.

Extract of a Letter from Frederica in Georgia.

The Cre k Indians have at laſt brought Mr. Priber Priſoner here: he is a very extraordinary Kind of a Creature; he is a little ugly Man, but ſpeaks almoſt all Languages fluently, particularly Engliſh, Dutch, French, Latin and Indian; he talks very prophanely againſt all Religions, but chiefly againſt the Proteſtant; he was ſetting up a Town at the Foot of the Mountains among the Cherckees, which was to be a City of Refuge for all Criminals, Debtors, and Slaves, who would fly thither from Juſtice or their Maſters. There was a Book found upon him of his own Writing ready for the Preſs, which he owns and glories in, and believes it is by this Time privately printed, but will not tell where; it demonſtrates the Manner in which the Futigives are to be ſubſiſted, and lays down the Rules of Government which the Town is to be governed by; to which he gives the Title of Paradice; He enumerates many whimſical Priviledges and natural Rights, as he calls them, which his Citizens are to be entitled to, particularly diſſolving Marriages and allowing Community of Women, and all Kinds of Licenciouſneſs; the Book is drawn up very methodically, and full of learned Quotations; it is extreamly wicked, yet has ſeveral Flights full of Invention; and it is a Pity ſo much Wit is applied to ſo bad Purpoſes.

Charleſtown

On Thurſday laſt Mr. *John Witherſton* was married to Miſs *Martha Peronneau* of this Town, a young Lady with agreeable Accompliſhments, and a large Fortune.

And on Friday died Capt. *Edward Palmer*, Commander of the Snow *Florinella*, lately arrived from *Piſcataqua*.

By a Letter from *Wilmington* in *North-Carolina*, dated the 1ſt Day of this Inſtant, we are informed, That having had the fineſt Seaſons, all is in a flouriſhing Condition; and the greateſt Crops likely to be made in that Province that ever was known.

Another Letter from the ſame Place informs us, That *Henry McCulloch*, Eſquire, will make ſome Thouſands of Barrels of Beef and Pork this Seaſon, at *Seranta*, the like never known before.

Seranta is Mr. *McCulloch*'s Place of Reſidence, and is in a pleaſant Situation, on the N.E. Branch of *Cape-Fear-River*.

Major *John Porter*, a very conſiderable Dealer at *Brunſwick*, died there about the 20th of *July* laſt.

Mr. Timothy,

The inſerting the following Lines in your next will very much oblige Yours, &c. E.R.

The LADIES *Complaint.*

CUSTOM, alas! doth partial prove,
It does not give us equal Meaſure;
A Pain it is for us to love,
But it is to MEN a Pleaſure.

They freely can their Thoughts diſcloſe,
Whilſt ours muſt burn within;
We have got Tongues and Eyes in vain,
And Truth from us is Sin.

MEN to new Joys and Conqueſts fly,
And yet no Hazard run,
Whilſt we are leſs, if we deny,
And if we yield, undone.

Then equal Laws let Cuſtom find,
And neither Sex opprels;
More Freedom give to Womankind,
Or to Mankind give leſs.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, CHARLES TOWN

Entered Inwards None.

Entered Outwards None.

Cleared for Departure

Ship Carolina Galley, Joſeph Campbell to London.
Snow Friends Goodwill, John Glegg to Portugal.
Brigt. Induſtry, Samuel Whyting to Briſtol.
Schooner Good Intent, Henry Harramond to Boſton.
Sloop Bahama Packet, John Webſter to Providence.

Exported from this Place ſince Nov. 1. 1742

Rice, 65,102 Barrels. Tarr, 1599 Barrels.
Pitch, 6217 Barrels. Turpentine, 1609 Barrels.
Deer Skins, 439 Hogſheads. Peaſe, 4797 Buſhels.
Indian Corn, 13525 Buſhels.

Prices of the following Goods, of the Product of the Province.

Rice *per Cent.* 30 *ſh.*
Pitch *per Barrel*, 32 *ſ.* 0
Tar, 25 *ſ.* 0 *d.*
Turpentine, 10 *ſh.* 0
Skins *per lb.* 16 *ſh.* 6
Staves *per* 1000, 15 *l.*
Corn *per Buſhel*, 7 *ſ.* 6
Peaſe, 10 *ſ.* 0 *d.*

Of the Product of Foreign Parts,

Flour *per Ct.* 3 *l.* 5
Brown Bread 3 *l.* 10
Ship ——, 3 *l.* 10
Middling ——, 6 *l.* 10
White ——, 45 *ſh.*
Milk ——, 55 *ſh.*
N York Beer, None.
New England Rum *per Hhd.* 15 *ſ.* a *Gallon.*
Barbadoes Rum *per Hhd.* 20 *ſ.*
Montſerrat —, 17 *ſ.* 6
Antigua —, 17 *ſ.* 6
Meluſſes, 9 *ſh.*
Madera Wine *per Pipe*, 120 *l.*
Fine Salt *per Buſh.* 15 *s.*
Coarſe —, 15 *ſh.*
Clarret *per Hhd.* 100 *l.*
—— *per Doz.* Bottles 7 *l.*

Advertiſements.

BROUGHT before me by *Thomas Hailes*, a white Mare, branded on the Mounting Shoulder I^H, the two near Feet white, about 13 Hands and an half high. Whoſoever owns the ſaid Mare, by applying to me, may have her, paying the Charges; otherwiſe ſhe will be diſpoſed of as a late Law directs, by me

Berkley County. St John's Parish, Aug. 2. 1743 } FRANCIS LEJAU.

PHILIP WILLIAMS at *Fair-Forreſt*, hath this Day inform'd me of a Bay Gelding, branded B on the Mounting Buttock, which ſtrayed into his Plantation about the 18th of *May* laſt. The Owner applying to me purſuant to a late Act of Aſſembly (*made to prevent the Stealing of Horſes and neat Cattle*) may have him again, otherwiſe the Horſe will be diſpoſed of as the Law directs, by

Thomas Hewet.

Com. Berks, July 18th 1743.

TO BE RUN FOR, by Subſcription, at *New Market Courſe* at *Goſe Creek*, by any Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, on Thurſday the 29th of *September*, a Silver Tankard, Value ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, for the firſt Horſe. And a Pint Pot, Value FIFTY POUNDS, for the ſecond Horſe. And,

On Tueſday the 18th of *October*, two Pieces of PLATE of the ſame Value, where Gentlemen may be accommodated in the publick Way, by

Their humble Servant,
ROBERT PARKER.

N.B. The Horſes excepted againſt are, Mr. *Raper's*, Mr *McKewen's*, Mr. *Carter's* Chuckleheaded, and Mr. *Butler's* Roger.

THE Houſe kept by the late Mr. *Brand* is now in the Poſſeſſion of *Charles Smith*, where all Gentlemen may depend on the beſt Uſage, in Regard either to Stabling or Paſturing of Horſes; and if they want Lodgings or Boarding, they ſhall be equally well uſed for any Time they have Occaſion. Good Accommodations are prepar'd, and good Uſage is promis'd, by

Their humble Servant,
CHARLES SMITH.

RUTH LOWNDES gives Notice, That ſhe intends to ſet up a School where ſhe now lives, in *King ſtreet*, almoſt oppoſite to Doct. *Taliaferr's*, where any Perſon that will favour her with their Children, may have them taught with the greateſt Care and Diligence, Reading and all ſorts of plain and Sampler Work.

RUN AWAY about Two Months ago, a Negro Fellow named *December*, formerly belonging to Mr *Benjamin Mazyck*, ſpeaks good *Engliſh*, had on at the Time of his going away a red Breeches, is pretty much Pock fretten. Whoever takes up and delivers him to *Noah Serre*, Eſq; ſhall have 3 *l* reward.

TO BE LETT the 9th Day of *October* next, a large Dwelling Houſe and Out Houſes, in *Church ſtreet* over againſt the French Meeting Houſe, belonging to the Eſtate of the late Mrs. *Anne Le Brasſeur*. Enquire of the Subſcriber *Alexander Gordon*.

N.B. The remaining Part of a Leaſe of the ſaid Houſe, viz. to ſaid 9th of *Oct.* may be had from *Wm. Bull*, Eſq;